

SCK

apoptosis

### The Cell Cycle Dependence and Radiation-induced Apoptosis in SCK Mammary Adenocarcinoma Cell Line

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**Purpose** : The relationship between environmental pH on the radiation induced-apoptosis in SCK mammary adenocarcinoma cells and cell cycle dependence was investigated.

**Material and Methods** : Mammary adenocarcinoma cells of A/J mice(SCK cells) in exponential growth phase were irradiated with a <sup>137</sup>Cs irradiator at room temperature. The cells were irradiated 1 hour after the media was replaced with fresh media at a different pHs. After incubation at 37 for 0-48 h, the extent of apoptosis was determined using agarose gel electrophoresis and flow cytometry. The progression of cells through the cell cycle after irradiation in different pHs was also determined with flow cytometry.

**Results** : The induction of apoptosis by irradiation in pH 6.6 medium was markedly less than that in pH 7.5 medium. When the cells were irradiated and maintained in pH 7.5 medium, the percentage of cells in G<sub>2</sub>/M phase rapidly increased to about 70% at 12 h after an exposure to 12Gy and returned to control level by 36 h. The percentage of cells in G<sub>1</sub> phase decreased as the percentage of cells in G<sub>2</sub>/M increased. On the other hand, in pH 6.6 medium the percentage of cells in G<sub>2</sub>/M phases gradually increased to about 45% at 24 h after 12Gy irradiation and then slowly recessed and consequently, as much as 30-35% of the cells were still in the G<sub>2</sub>/M phase 48 h after irradiation. The percentage of cells in G<sub>1</sub> phase then

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1997

1998 4 30

1998 5 20

37 1



### 3. DNA

DNA gel (DNA gel electrophoresis)  
 apoptosis  
 apoptosis DNA  
 (PBS; phosphate buffered solution) lysis buffer(10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4; 10mM NaCl; 10mM EDTA; proteinase K at 0.1mg/ml; 1%(wt/vol) sodium dodecyl sulfate) 48 14  
 lysate cold(4 ) 5M NaCl 가  
 15 1,000g 5  
 2-propanol  
 -20 DNA  
 DNA pellet 10,000g 10  
 TE buffer(10mM Tris-HCl, pH 7.4; 1mM EDTA) 0.2mg/ml DNase-free RNase  
 가 37 2 RNA  
 DNA UV(ultra-violet)  
 A260/A280  
 DNA 20ug DNA (123 bp ladder, GIBCO/BRL, Grand Island, NY)

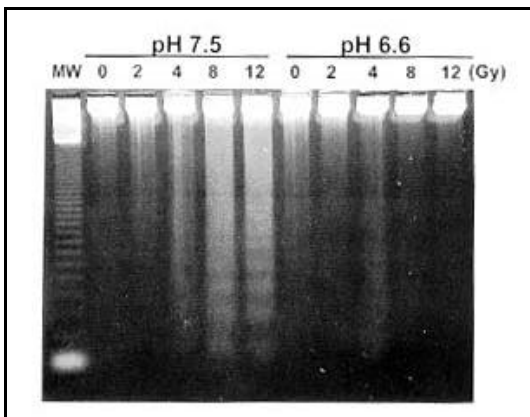


Fig. 1. Agarose gel electrophoresis of DNA extracts from SCK mammary adenocarcinoma cells irradiated with 2-12Gy. The cells were irradiated and incubated for 48h in pH 7.5 or pH 6.6 media.

TBE buffe (89mM Tris base, 89mM Boric acid, 2mM EDTA) 1.5%  
 agarose gel DNA  
 ethidium bromide

### 4. Flow cytometry analysis

apoptosis가  
 FACSflow cytometer(FacsConsort 40, Becton-Dickinson, Boston, MA)  
 , 80% cold ethanol 10ml  
 4 PBS  
 2ml PBS  
 30 units DNase-free RNase (Type 1-A, Sigma Chemical Co., St Louis, MO)  
 가 , 100ml PI(Propium Iodide, Molecular Probes, Eugene, OR) 가  
 60 2x  
 10<sup>4</sup> PI

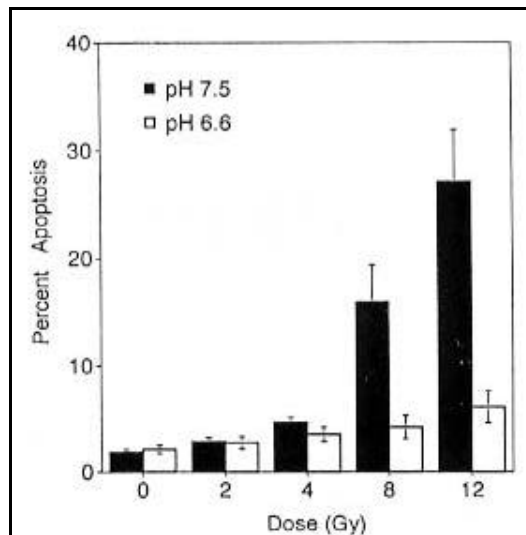
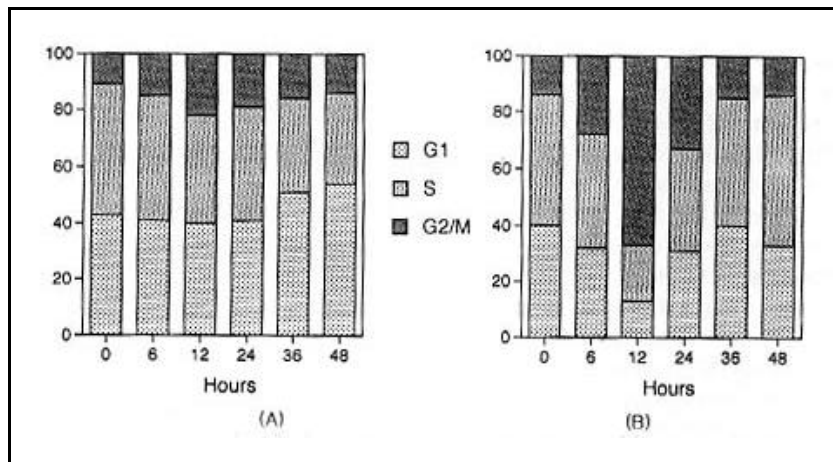
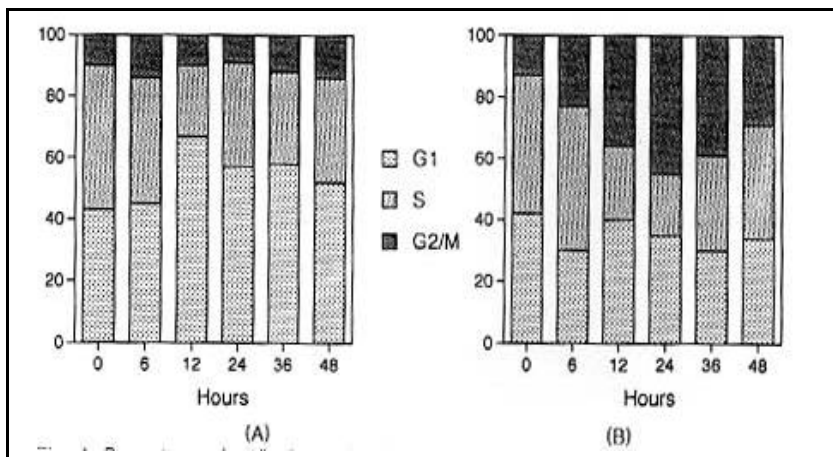


Fig. 2. Percentage of SCK cells in apoptosis as determined with flow cytometry method. Cells were irradiated with 2-12Gy and incubated for 48h in pH 7.5 media or pH 6.6 media. An average of three quadruplet experiment with SD are shown.

SCK                      2Gy      12Gy                      pH 7.5                      48                      pH 6.6  
 pH 7.5                      6.6                      (Fig. 1).                      flow  
 (12, 24, 36                      48 )                      DNA gel                      cytometry                      apoptosis                      pH 7.5  
 electrophoresis                      . apoptosis                      48                      pH 6.6  
 DNA fragmentation                      12, 24, 36                      apoptosis                      pH 6.6  
 8Gy                      12Gy                      (Fig. 2).



**Fig. 3.** Percentage of cells in each phase of cell cycle as determined with flow cytometry method. Cells were incubated in pH 7.5 for 0-48h without irradiation(A). Cells were irradiated with 12Gy and incubated for 0-48 h in pH 7.5 media(B). An average of three quadruplet experiment are shown.



**Fig. 4.** Percentage of cells in each phase of cell cycle as determined with flow cytometry method. Cells were incubated in pH 6.6 for 0-48h without irradiation(A). Cells were irradiated with 12Gy and incubated for 0-48h in pH 6.6 media(B). An average of three quadruplet experiment are shown.

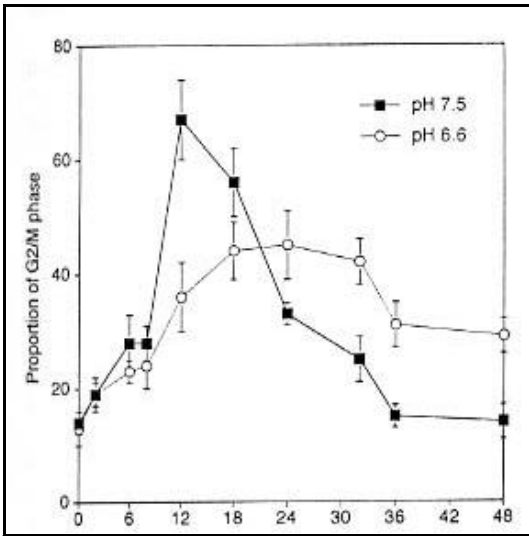


Fig. 5. Percentage of cells in G<sub>2</sub>/M phase as determined with flow cyometry method. Cells were irradiated with 12Gy and incubated in pH 7.5 or pH 6.6 media for 0-48h. An average of five quadruplet experiment with SD are shown.

가 pH 7.5  
48  
30-35% G<sub>2</sub>/M phase  
(Fig. 4B).  
G<sub>2</sub>/M phase  
G<sub>2</sub>/M arrest . G<sub>1</sub> S  
phase 가 G<sub>2</sub>/M phase pH 7.5  
pH 6.6  
가  
G<sub>2</sub>/M phase  
G<sub>2</sub>/M arrest  
(Fig. 5).

12Gy . pH  
7.5  
G<sub>1</sub> phase 42-55%, S phase  
33-43% G<sub>2</sub>/M phase 11-21%  
48  
(Fig. 3A).  
apoptosis 가 pH 7.5

G<sub>2</sub>/M phase  
가 12 70%  
36  
(Fig. 3B). pH 6.6

G<sub>1</sub> phase 53-78%, S phase 16-38% G<sub>2</sub>/M phase  
6-12% pH 7.5  
G<sub>1</sub> phase 가 가 48  
(Fig. 4A). pH 6.6

pH 7.5  
24 45%  
G<sub>2</sub>/M phase 가

가  
가  
(cell cycle)  
가 , UV(ultra-violet), DNA  
가  
cell cycle delay division delay  
가 가  
cell cycle arrest .<sup>24)</sup>  
division delay G<sub>1</sub> phase, S  
phase G<sub>2</sub> phase  
<sup>24, 25)</sup> 12Gy  
G<sub>2</sub>/M phase delay  
G<sub>1</sub> arrest S phase delay  
G<sub>2</sub> arrest 1Gy  
DNA  
<sup>26)</sup>  
G<sub>2</sub>/M arrest apoptosis  
arrest apoptosis herbimycin  
p34cdc2 tyrosine phosphorylation  
G<sub>2</sub>/M arrest G<sub>2</sub>/M

apoptosis		<sup>27)</sup>		apoptosis	SCK
apoptosis		가		apoptosis	
			mitotic phase	phase	pH G <sub>2</sub> /M
			apoptosis가	6.6-7.0	가 pH
	mitotic phase			apoptosis	
	가	<sup>28-30)</sup>		G <sub>2</sub> /M phase	
Dewey <sup>28)</sup>	apoptosis				
			가 G <sub>2</sub> /M phase		SCK cyclinB-
arrest				cdc2	가 G <sub>2</sub> /M arrest
apoptosis가				가	post-mitotic apoptosis
Cell cycle delay					
3-4	가				
cyclins	cdc/cdk kinase				
	amino acids				
phosphate group	kinases				
phosphatases					
	G <sub>1</sub> phase, S phase, G <sub>2</sub> phase		M		
phase가	phase				
cyclin	cyclin dependent kinase(cdk)가				
	<sup>31-36)</sup> Cyclin				
cdk	CAK(cdk activating kinase)				
	cdk				
cyclin-cdk	가			cdk	
(dephosphorylation)가					
		<sup>32, 35)</sup>			
	G <sub>2</sub> arrest				
cyclin	cdc2 kinase				
G <sub>2</sub> phase	M phase	가			
	cyclin B1, p34cdc2 kinase				
	amino acid tyrosine-15	가			
	<sup>30, 37-39)</sup>				
G <sub>2</sub> phase	2-4				
	G <sub>2</sub> arrest가	G <sub>2</sub>			
1-10 Gy			G <sub>1</sub>		
arrest	S phase delay				
	G <sub>2</sub> /M arrest가	<sup>24, 31)</sup>			
			apoptosis		

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