

HL60

Apoptosis

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Expression of Cell Cycle Related Genes in HL60 Cells Undergoing Apoptosis by X-irradiation

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Purpose : To evaluate changes in expression of cell cycle related genes during apoptosis induced in HL60 cells by X-irradiation to understand molecular biologic aspects in mechanism of radiation therapy.

Material and Methods : HL-60 cell line (promyelocytic leukemia cell line) was grown in culture media and irradiated with 8 Gy by linear accelerator (6 MV Xray). At various times after irradiation, ranging from 3 to 48 hours were analyzed apoptotic DNA fragmentation assay for apoptosis and by western blot analysis and semi-quantitative RT-PCR for expression of cell cycle related genes (cyclin A, cyclin B, cyclin C, cyclin D1, cyclin E, cdc2, CDK2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1}, p27^{KIP1}, E2F, PCNA and Rb).

Results : X-irradiation (8 Gy) induced apoptosis in HL-60 cell line. Cyclin A protein increased after reaching its peak 48 h after radiation delivery and cyclin E, E2F, CDK2 and RB protein increased then decreased after radiation. Radiation induced up-regulation of the expression of E2F is due to mostly increase of phosphorylated retinoblastoma proteins (ppRb). Cyclin D1, PCNA, CDC2, CDK4 and p16^{INK4a} protein underwent no significant change at any times after irradiation. There was not detected p21^{WAF1} and p27^{KIP1} protein. Cyclin A, B, C mRNA decreased immediately after radiation and then increased at 12 h after radiation. Cyclin D1 mRNA increased immediately and then decreased at 48 h after radiation. After radiation, cyclin E mRNA decreased with the lapse of time. CDK2 mRNA decreased at 3 h and increased at 6h after radiation. CDK4 mRNA rapidly increased at 6 to 12 h after radiation. There was no change of expression of p16^{INK4a} and not detected in expressin of p21^{WAF1} and p27^{KIP1} mRNA.

Conclusion : We suggest that entry into S phase may contribute to apoptosis of HL60 cells induced by irradiation. Increase of ppRb and decrease of pRb protein are related with radiation induced apoptosis of HL60 cells and tosis of HL60 cells induced by irradiation. Increase of ppRb and decrease of pRb protein are related with radiation induced apoptosis of HL60 cells and this may be associated with induction of E2F and cyclinE/CDK2. These results support that p21^{WAF1} and p27^{KIP1} are not related with radiation induced- apoptosis.

Key Words : Radiation, Apoptosis, Cell cycle related gene, HL60

apoptosis 가
 , hyperthermia, glucocorticoid ,
 , serum withdrawal .^{10, 11)}
 apoptosis apoptosis
 apoptosis
 DNA double strand break TNF-alpha
 apoptosis
 sphingomyelin
 Sphingomyelin ceramide
 stress-activated PK/c-Jun N-terminal
 kinase (SAPK/JNK) cascade
 apoptosis .^{12, 13)}
 HL60
 (cyclin A, cyclin B, cyclin C, cyclin D1, cyclin E, cdc2,
 CDK2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1}, p27^{KIP1}, E2F,
 PCNA Rb) RNA
 apoptosis
 가 가
 cyclin (cyclin A,
 cyclin B, cyclin C, cyclin D, cyclin E), cyclin
 cyclin dependent kinases(CDKs),
 cyclin dependent kinase CDKs
 cyclin dependent kinase inhibitors (CKIs),
 retinoblastoma (Rb)
 E2F, DNA
 PCNA(proliferating cell nuclear antigen), E2F
 가 Rb , G1/S
 p53
 DNA
 apoptosis
^{8, 9)}
¹⁾ necrosis programmed
 cell death(apoptosis)
 apoptosis
 , calcium dependent
 nuclease 180-200bp DNA fragment
 DNA가 DNA ladder
²⁻⁶⁾
 G₀
 G₁, S, G₂ M
 가
 가 가
 1.
 promyelocytic leukemia HL60
 ATCC(American Type Culture Collection)
 2 × 10⁵cell/ml 10 × 10⁵cell/ml
 10% FBS RPMI1640
 36 , 5% CO₂
 3.5 × 10⁵cell/ml 100mm
 가 (Mitsubishi ,
 ML-15-MDX, 6MV X-)
 acryl X- build-up
 8Gy

2. Trypan Blue Exclusion Assay
 6, 12, 24, 48
 0.4% trypan blue 50µl
 50µl hemocytometer 1

3. Apoptotic DNA Fragmentation Assay
 0.5 × 10⁶ eppendorf-tube
 2000rpm 2 20µl
 lysis buffer(20mM EDTA, 100mM Tris, pH 8.0,
 0.8%(W/V) sodium lauryl sarcosine) 2µl
 RNase A(5mg/ml) 37 1
 incubation 20µl proteinase K 50
 12 6 × Gel Loading Buffer
 (GLB) 5µl 1.2% agarose gel dry
 gel electrophoresis()

4. SDS-PAGE Western Blot Analysis
 6, 12, 24, 48
 Lysis Buffer(10mM Tris-Cl
 (pH7.4), 5mM EDTA(pH 8.0), 130mM NaCl, 1%
 TritonX-100), 0.2M phenyl-methyl-sulfonyl fluoride,
 proteinase inhibitor cocktail 30
 BioRad protein
 assay kit SDS-
 PAGE nitrocellulose paper(Millipore
 , Immobilon) electrotransfer
 transfer membrane Blotto (5% skim dry
 milk in TBS-T buffer) cold chamber
 12 (shaking) Blotto
 () 2 TBS-T buffer
 () 1
 TBS-T buffer Enhanced
 Chemiluminescence(ECL, Amersham)
 cyclin A, B, D1, E E2F, PCNA, cdc2, cdk4,
 p16, P27 Santacruz
 , Rb p21 pharmingen

5. RT-PCR (Reverse Transcription-Polymerase
 Chain Reaction)

1) RNA
 3, 6, 12, 24,
 48 3.5x10⁵cell/ml 8Gy X-
 RNAzol B(Biotecx laboratories, Inc.) 1ml 6,
 12, 24, 48 trypan blue dye exclusion

0.1ml chloroform 15
 4 5 12,000rpm, 4
 15 tube
 2-propanol -70 2
 12,000rpm 4 15 RNA
 75% cold Speedvac
 concentrator(Savant Co, U.S.A.) 5
 diethyl pyrocarbonate(DEPC)
 100µl UV
 -70 14)

2) cDNA
 RNA 4µg oligo dT(16mer) 40
 µl (reverse transcription)
 RNA 4 µg, 5mM MgCl₂,
 50mM KCl, 10mM Tris-HCl(pH8.3), 1mM dATP, 1 mM
 dTTP, 1mM dCTP, 1mM dGTP, 1U/µl RNase
 inhibitor(Perkin-Elmer Co.), 2.5U/µl MuLV reverse
 transcriptase(Perkin-Elmer Co.), 2.5µl Moligo d(T)16
 , 42 1 , 99 5 , 5 5

3) mRNA PCR
 PCR 10 × reaction buffer(15mM MgCl₂, 100mM
 Tris-HCl pH 8.3, 500mM KCl) 5µl 10mM dATP,
 dTTP, dCTP, dGTP 1µl 30µM sense
 antisense primer(Table 1) 1µl
 mixture 1µl cDNA
 2.5unit Taq polymerase(Perkin Elmer Co.)
 50µl 30µl
 (mineral oil) DNA thermal cycler
 (Perkin Elmer Co.) PCR
 DNA denaturation 95 1 , annealing 60 1
 , extension 72 2 GAPDH
 25 cycle,
 30 cycle PCR
 10µl 1% agarose gel ethidium
 bromide UV transilluminator

Table 1. PCR Primers Used in This Study

Genes		Sequences	Product size(bp)
cyclin A	Sense	5' CAGAA TGAGA CCCTG CATTG GGCTG 3'	615
	Antisense	5' CAGAT TTAGT GTCTC TGGTG GGTTG 3'	
cyclin B	Sense	5' CCATT ATTGA TCGGT TCATG CAGA 3'	585
	Antisense	5' CTAGT GGAGA ATTCA GCTGT GGTA 3'	
cyclin C	Sense	5' CCTGT ATTAA TGGCT CCTAC ATGTG TG 3'	510
	Antisense	5' GGTTG CCATC TCTTT TCTCT CATCG A 3'	
cyclin D1	Sense	5' ACCTG GATGC TGGAG GTCTG 3'	402
	Antisense	5' GAACT TCACA TCTGT GGCAC A 3'	
cyclin E	Sense	5' GGAAG GCAAA CGTGA CCGTT 3'	638
	Antisense	5' GGGAC TTAAA CGCCA CTAA 3'	
CDK2	Sense	5' CATGGAGA AACTTCCAAAAG 3'	901
	Antisense	5' CTATCAGAGTCGAAGATGGG 3'	
CDK4	Sense	5' ATGGCTGCCACTCGATATGA 3'	912
	Antisense	5' CTCTGGGTTGCCTTCGTCCTT 3'	
p16	Sense	5' ATGGAGCCTTCGGCTGACT 3'	464
	Antisense	5' GAGCCTCTCTGGTTCTTTCA 3'	
p21	Sense	5' CGGGATCCGGCGCCATGTCAGAACC GGC 3'	509
	Antisense	5' CGGGAATTCGTGGGCGGATTAGGG 3'	
p27	Sense	5' GCGGGATCCATGTCAAACGTGCGAGTGTC 3'	615
	Antisense	5' GTGAAGCTTTTACGTTTGACGTCTTCTGA 3'	
GAPDH	Sense	5' CGTCT TCACC ACCAT GGAGA 3'	300
	Antisense	5' CGGCC ATCAC GCCAC AGTTT 3'	

(viable cell counting)
 (Fig. 1).
 confluent 가 가
 , 가 가 6 가 가
 apoptosis 가 DNA
 fragmentation assay (Fig. 2).
 (8Gy) HL60 가 apoptosis가
 DNA DNA
 fragmentation assay
 12 apoptotic DNA ladder가
 24 , 48 8 Gy
 apoptosis가
 HL60 apoptosis

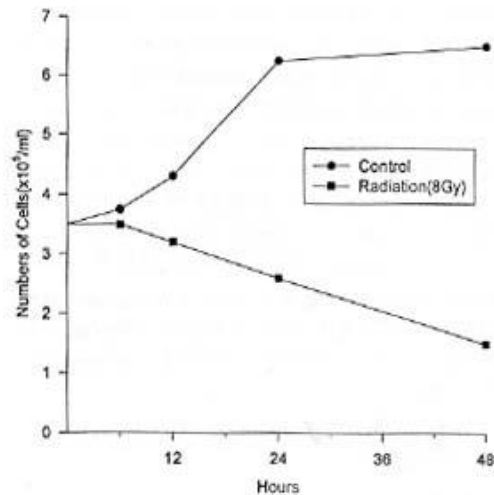


Fig. 1. Viable cell counting of HL60 cells. Cells were seeded at concentration of 3.5×10^5 cells/ml on time 0. Viability was determined by trypan blue dye exclusion test.

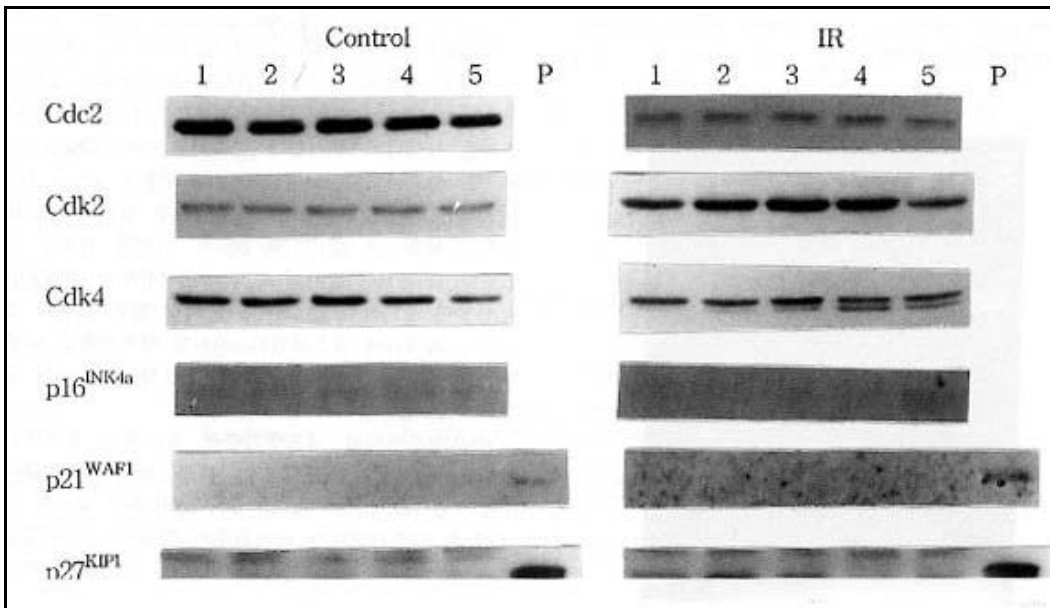


Fig. 4. Western blot analysis of relative changes in CDC2, CDK2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1} and p27^{KIP1} expression levels after irradiation. Lysates from control and irradiated cells were subjected to immunoblotting with anti-CDC2, anti-CDK2, anti-CDK4, anti-p16^{INK4a}, anti-p21^{WAF1}, or anti-p27^{KIP1} antibodies. Lanes 1-5: 0, 6, 12, 24 and 48 hours after irradiation, P: positive control.

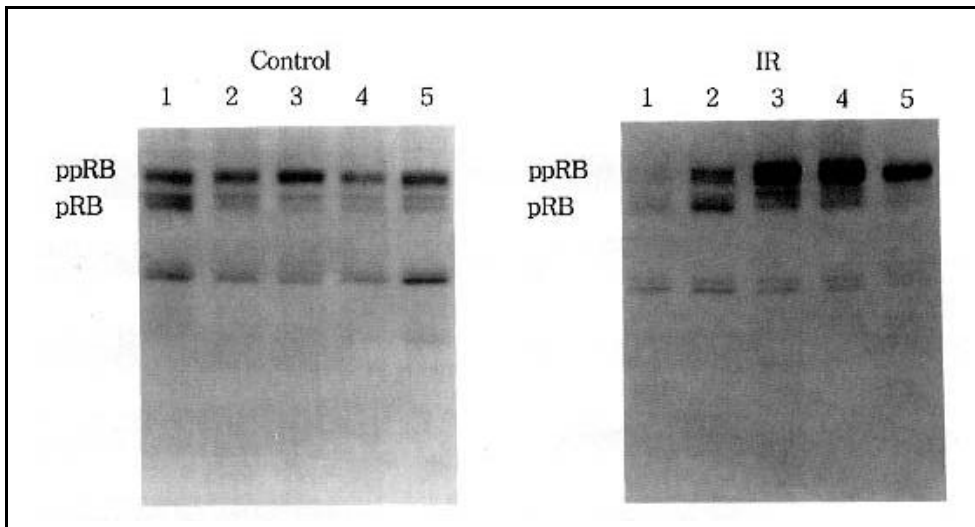


Fig. 5. Western blot analysis of RB protein in control and irradiated HL60 cells. Lysates from control and irradiated cells were subjected to immunoblotting with anti-RB antibody. Lanes 1-5: 0, 6, 12, 24 and 48 hours after irradiation.

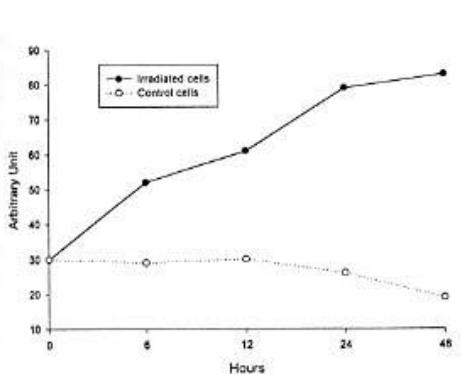


Fig. 6. Expression levels of cyclin A protein in control and irradiated HL60 cells.

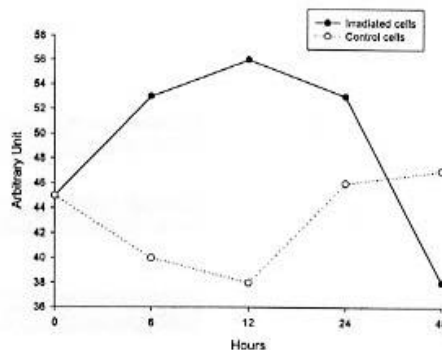


Fig. 9. Expression levels of CDK2 protein in control and irradiated HL60 cells.

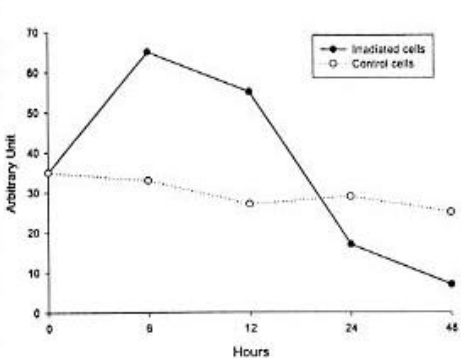


Fig. 7. Expression levels of cyclin E protein in control and irradiated HL60 cells.

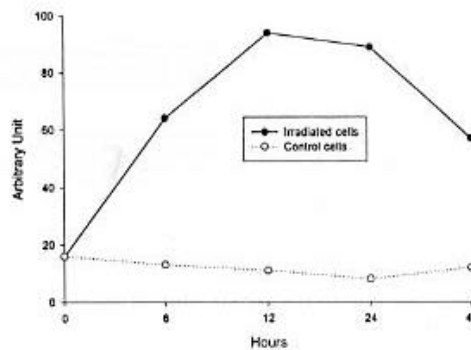


Fig. 10. Expression levels of Rb protein in control and irradiated HL60 cells.

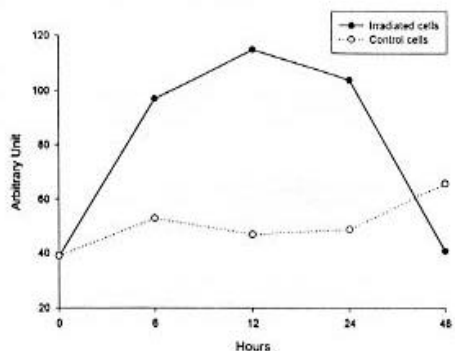


Fig. 8. Expression levels of E2F protein in control and irradiated HL60 cells.

apoptosis
HL60
8Gy
DNA fragmentation assay
DNA ladder
DNA ladder apoptosis
calcium dependent nuclease가 genomic
DNA가 6) 8Gy
가 HL60 apoptosis
apoptosis
HL60

apoptosis가
apoptosis
가

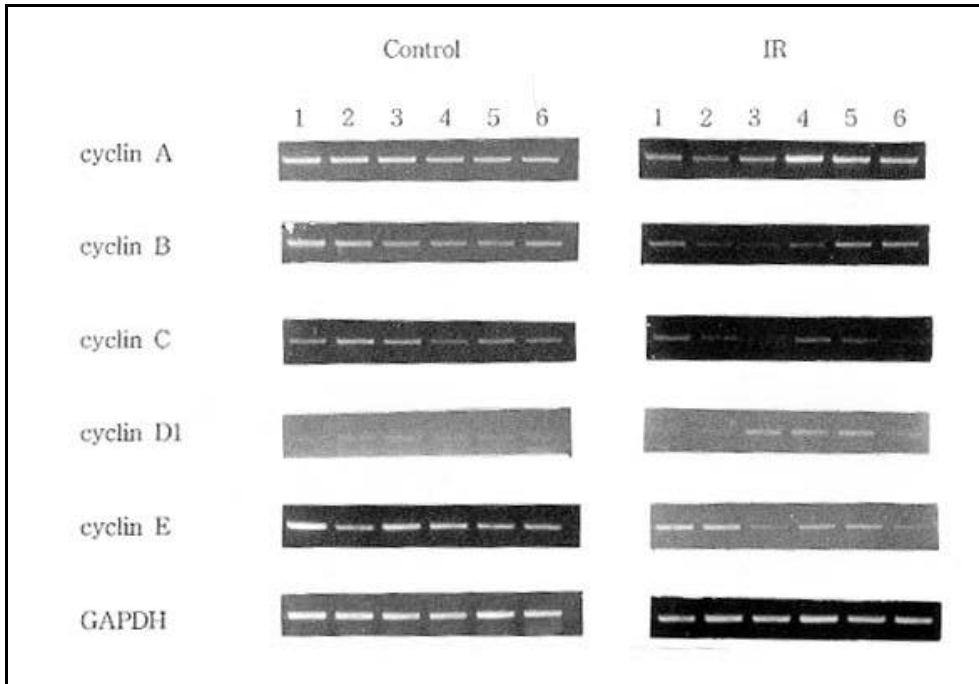


Fig. 11. RT-PCR analysis of relative changes in cyclin A, B, C, D1, E, and GAPDH mRNA expression levels after irradiation. Total RNAs from control and irradiated cells were subjected to reverse transcription. Lanes 1-6: 0, 3, 6, 12, 24 and 48 hours after irradiation.

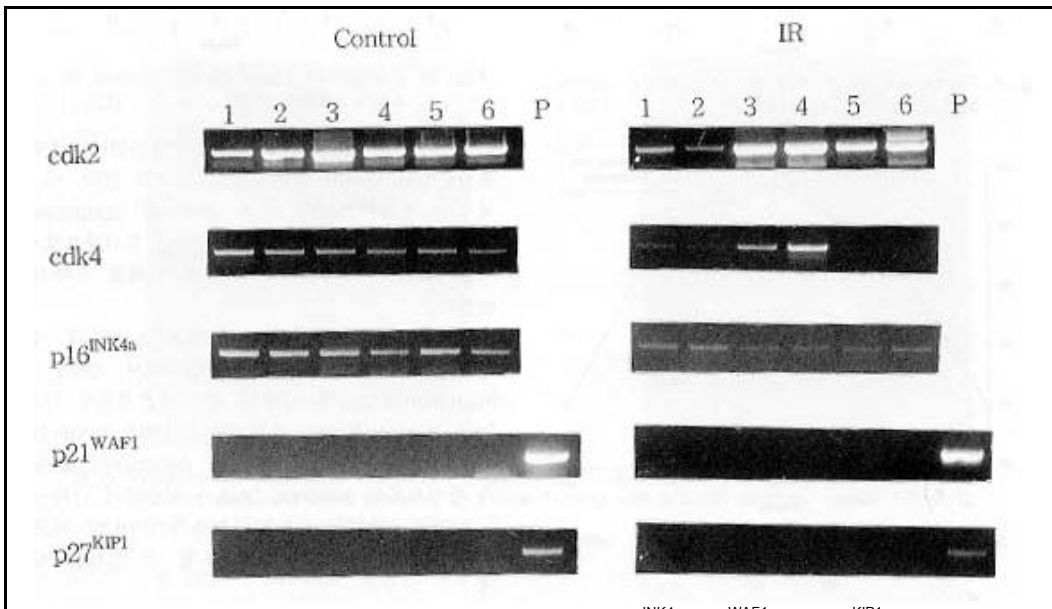


Fig. 12. RT-PCR analysis of relative changes in CDK2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1} and p27^{KIP1} mRNA expression levels after irradiation. Total RNAs from control and irradiated cells were subjected to reverse transcription. Lanes 1-6: 0, 3, 6, 12, 24 and 48 hours after irradiation, P: positive control.

(cyclin A, cyclin B, cyclin D1, cyclin E, cdc2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1}, p27^{KIP1}, E2F, PCNA RB)

western blot analysis 가

E2F
cyclin A, E pRb CDK2 E2F
가 G1 S

A, cyclin E, cdc2, c-myc, DNA polymerase-alpha, thymidine kinase 가 15)

S apoptosis
16), E2F

S DNA
E2F apoptosis
17-20) E2F-1^{-/-} mice apoptosis

21)
6 24

E2F 가
apoptosis cyclin E
CDK2 cyclin A G1/S transition
cyclin CDK 12
cyclin E 가, 24 CDK2
가 48 cyclin A

가
HL60 apoptosis G1/S
transition
Rb retinoblastoma
pRB가 E2F

G1
22-24) CDKs(cyclin dependent kinases) cyclin
D/CDK4, cyclin E/CDK2
E2F
8, 25-28)
western blot
Rb 가가 E2F
Rb 가
Rb 가
apoptosis
E2F cyclin E/CDK2
가
apoptosis caspase
Rb 29-31)

caspase
p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1} HL60
가 32-34)

(TPA)
HL60
apoptosis
가 CDK4, p16^{INK4a},
cyclin B, D1, PCNA
apoptosis 가

RNA
RT-PCR cyclin A
mRNA 가
cyclin E
CDK2 mRNA 3 가 6
가 western blotting
cyclin A CDK2 가
cyclin E mRNA 가
cyclin B mRNA 가 12
가, cyclin D1 mRNA
가 48, CDK4
mRNA 6-12 가

post-transcriptional regulation
actinomycin D cycloheximide
가
p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1} mRNA
p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1}

transcription
HL60
apoptosis
apoptosis HL60
apoptosis E2F 가 cyclin E
CDK2 cyclin A 가
G1/S apoptosis가
Rb 가
Rb apoptosis
cyclin E/CDK2 E2F
가

HL60 TPA p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1} apoptosis RNA apoptosis HL60 cyclin A, cyclin B, cyclin C, cyclin D1, cyclin E, cdc2, CDK2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1}, p27^{KIP1}, E2F, PCNA Rb RT-PCR western blot analysis HL60 apoptosis E2F 가, cyclin E CDK2, cyclin A 가 G1/S transition apoptosis 가 Rb 가 Rb apoptosis E2F cyclin E/CDK2 가 HL60 TPA p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1} 가 apoptosis

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HL60

Apoptosis

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apoptosis
RNA apoptosis
: promyelocytic leukemia HL60 가 (6MV X-
) 8Gy Apoptotic DNA
Fragmentation Assay apoptosis
(cyclin A, cyclin B, cyclin C, cyclin D1, cyclin E, cdc2, CDK2, CDK4, p16^{INK4a}, p21^{WAF1},
p27^{KIP1}, E2F, PCNA Rb) RNA western blot analysis
RT-PCR
: 8 Gy HL60 apoptosis가
cyclin A 48 가 , cyclin E, E2F, CDK2 Rb
가 가 Rb 가 ppRb
(phosphorylated Rb protein) . cyclin D1, PCNA, CDC2, CDK4,
p16^{INK4a} p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1}
cyclin A, B, C mRNA 가 12 가 cyclin
D1 mRNA 가 48 . cyclin E mRNA
. CDK2 mRNA 3 가 6 가
CDK4 mRNA 6-12 가 . p16^{INK4a} RNA
가 , p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1} RNA
: HL60 apoptosis G1/S
transition 가 Rb 가 Rb
가 E2F cyclin E/CDK2
가 p21^{WAF1} p27^{KIP1} apoptosis