

* . * . † . † . †

_____ :		
_____ : 8	C57B1/6J	25 Gy
	1, 2, 4, 8, 24	
	TUNEL	가 Western blotting
	p53, Bcl-2, Bax	cyclin B1, D1, E, cdk2, cdk4,
p34 ^{cdc2}		
_____ :	8	24.0 ± 0.25 (<i>p</i> < 0.05)
	cyclin D1	
_____ :		(subependyma)

8)
(cells of subependymal region in the brain)가

가 9, 10)
C57B1/6J 25 Gy
(1, 2, 4, 8, 24)

가 2)
3)
(apoptosis, programmed cell death) 가 1.

4 7) Hopewell 가 가 SPF
(specific pathogen free) C57B1/6J
(oligo- dendroglia) (vascular endothelial cells)가 6 9
5

2001 1 17 2001 5 21 cobalt-60 (0.76 Gy/min)
25 Gy

1 24
Tel : 02)2260-7331, Fax : 02)2268-6882
E-mail : nmicro@choiliana.net

2. 가

1) DNA fragmentation assay

가 PBS
(phosphate buffer solution) 3 ml
4 , 2,000 rpm 10
TE buffer [10 mM Tris-HCl (pH7.5), 1 mM EDTA, 0.2% triton X-100] 500 µl 가 15
4 , 13,000 rpm 15
proteinase K (20 mg/ml) 2.5 µl 50 5
2 phenol/chloroform ethanol
DNA DNA TE buffer (10 mM Tris-cl, pH8.0), 1 mM EDTA, pH 8.0] 200 µl
0.4% SDS-TE 50 µl 37 RNase (1 mg/ml) 20 µl 1 DNA
DNA 6X loading buffer (50% Glycerol, 15 mM EDTA, 2% SDS, 0.05% Bromophenol Blue) 가 ethidium bromide
2% agarose gel (1.6 g/80 ml D.W. :microwave 2 min)
40 volt 4 30

2) TUNEL assay

4 µm Apop-Tag kit (Oncor Inc, Gaithersburg, MD, USA) apoptotic body
56 58 가 Xylen
3% H₂O₂ 10 (endogenous peroxidase)
15 proteinase K 가
가 labeling TdT (terminal deoxynucleotidyl transferase) equilibration buffer 가
10 30 U/ml TdT enzyme 37 1
anti-digoxigenin peroxidase
30 . PBS 0.05% diaminobenzidine (DAB, Sigma Chemical Co.) 2
10 methyl green (0.5% in 0.1M sodium citrate, pH 4.0)
가 . 가 ×400
(AI)

$$\text{Apoptotic Index (\%)} = \frac{\text{number of apoptotic body}}{1000 \text{ nuclei}} \times 100$$

3) Western blotting

Western blotting
37
20 5%
0.1% tween-20 PBS 2
, 1 2
PBS horseradish peroxidase
가 , IgG (Santa Cruze Biotechnology Inc., Santa Cruze, CA, USA) 1
ECL Western Blotting Detection System (Amersham, Arlington Heights, IL, USA) X-
band
가 densitometry (CSC chemi-luminescence detection module, Raytest, Straubenhardt, Germany)
p53 (Ab7, Oncogene Science, Manhasset, NY, USA), Bcl-2 (Ab7, Oncogene Science), Bax (p-19, Santa Cruz) 가

4) Flow Cytometry

PBS 3 ml 가
100 µm 가
Hemocytometry
1 2.5 × 10⁶/ml , 1800 rpm 5
70% ethanol 2 ml 30
PBS 30 ml . 1
ml PBS 4 1
0.1% PI (propidium iodide) 50 µg/ml, RNase 50 µg/ml, EDTA (pH 7.4) 0.1 M, Triton x-100 가
FACScan (Beckton-Dickinson, USA)
DNA .

1. DNA Fragmentation (Fig. 1)

25 Gy C3H/HeJ (1, 2, 4, 8, 24) DNA
DNA DNA band
(autoradiography)
8 DNA

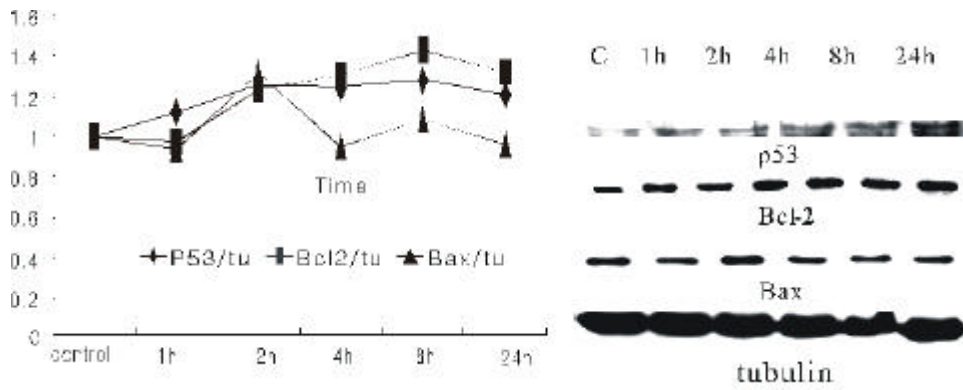


Fig. 4. Western blotting analysis for p53, Bax, and bcl-2 in mouse brain of C57Bl/6J. Expression of apoptosis-regulating molecules by a function of time after irradiation are plotted.

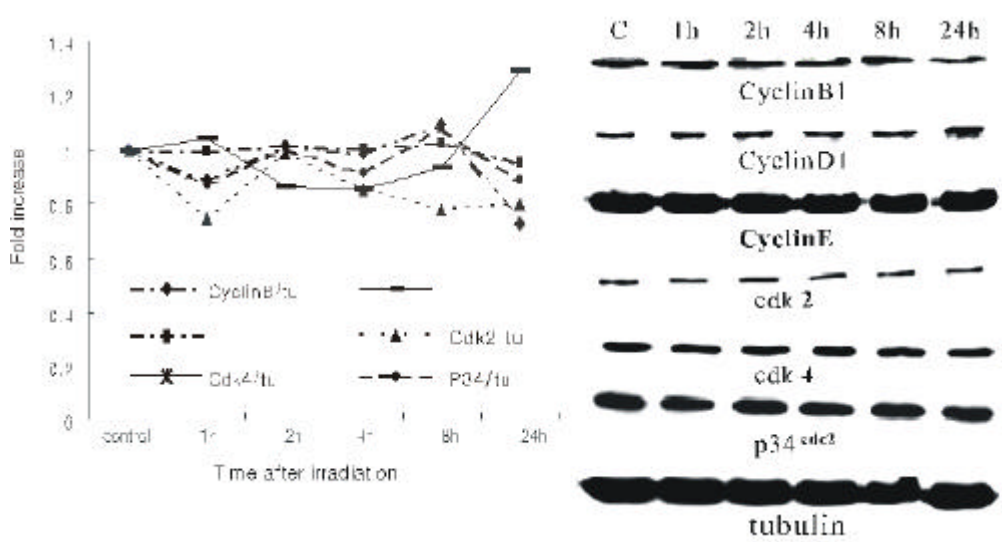


Fig. 5. Western blotting analysis for cyclin B1, D1, E, cdk2, cdk4, p34^{cdc2} in mouse brain C57Bl/6J. Expression of cell cycle regulating molecules by a function of time after irradiation are plotted.

Bcl-2/tubulin 1 가 가 2 phase 8 24 가 G1-S
 가 가 8 (15) G2-M phase cyclin E
 , p53/tubulin 2 (1.2) cyclin B1
 가 가 가 cdk4, cdc2 cyclin D, cyclin E, cyclin A
 (Fig. 5).
 . Bax/tubulin 2 (1.3) 4. (Flow cytometry)(Fig. 6)
 가 4 가 8
 Bcl-x (Fig. 4).
 3. (Western blotting) (Fig. 5) , G0-G1 phase cell 98%
 Western blot 가 24 1 8 . G2-M
 G0-G1 phase cyclin D1 S 2%

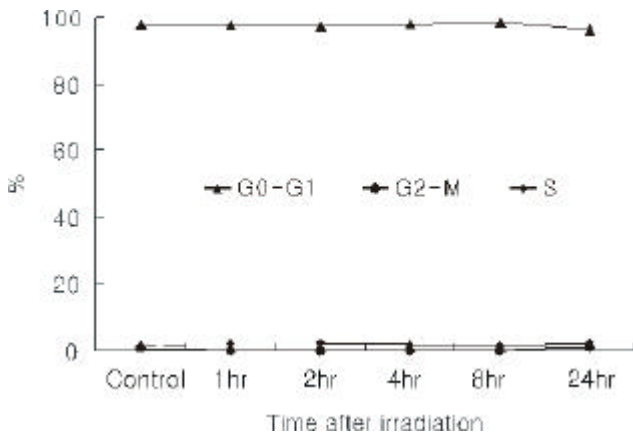


Fig. 6. Flow cytometry for the analysis of cell fraction in the cell cycle by a function of time after irradiation are plotted.

(C3H/HeJ) 5 1 25 Gy
 1, 2, 4, 8, 24
 DNA
 DNA agarose gel electrophoresis
 () autoradiography ()
 DNA band 8
 DNA DNA ladder
 (Fig. 1).
 TUNEL assay

가 (×200)
 (subependyma)

(Fig. 2A, 2B),

1 4 가 가 4
 8 (24.0 ± 2.38%)
 24

(Fig. 3).

Mattia Bellinzona et al¹⁴⁾ (2 3
 months, female Fischer 344 rats) 5 Gy 30 Gy

5, 6)
 (apopto-
 7, 10)
 sis; programmed cell death)

(morphological method)

(immunohistochemical method)

11, 12)

apoptotic body

가

15 Gy

3

1 1.4 Gy

가

가 6

(2.3%, 3.8%)

가

가

DNA

(19%, 27%)

DNA

Gy

2 30

(heterogeneous cell po-

가

가

2 Gy

가

population)

(Immunohistochemical method, TUNEL assay)

DNA 3' OH-terminal TDT (terminal deoxynucleo-

가

1 4

tidyl transferase)

biotinylated dUTP

가 5

fluoreceinated avidine

(sensitivity)

(specificity)

가

15)

가

15)

DNA

(DNA fragmentation

Western blotting

assay) TUNEL

6

p53¹⁶⁾,
 Bcl-2^{17, 18)},
 p53, Bcl-2, Bax
 가 p53 2 가
 (12) 가 가
 가 , Bax 2 (13)
 가 4 가 8
 (Fig. 4). Bcl-2
 가 가 2 가
 가 8 (15)
 Seong¹⁹⁾ 1 2 p53 가 Bcl-2
 Bax가 , Bax 가가
 p53가 가 Bax가 가
 Bcl-2
²⁰⁾ Western blot
 (Fig. 5)
 (Fig. 6) G0-G1, early
 G1-S check point cyclin D1
 8 24 가 (13). Cyclin
 D1 가 8
 가 (transition)
 late G1-S check point
 cyclin E G2-M check point
 cyclin B1
 cyclin D, cyclin E, cyclin A
 cdk2, cdk4, cdc2
 dependent kinase
 (Fig. 5).
 (Fig. 6)
 8

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Abstract

Regulation of Apoptosis and Cell Cycle in Irradiated Mouse Brain

Won Yong Oh, M.D.^{*}, Mi Hee Song, M.D.^{*}, Eun Ji Chung, M.D.[†],
Jin Sil Seong, M.D.[†] and Chang Ok Suh, M.D.[†]

^{*}Department of Therapeutic Radiology, National Medical Center and [†]Department of Radiation Oncology, Yonsei University, College of Medicine, Yonsei Cancer Center, Seoul, Korea

Purpose : To investigate the regulation of apoptosis and cell cycle in mouse brain irradiation.

Materials and Methods : 8-week old male mice, C57B1/6J were given whole body γ -radiation with a single dose of 25 Gy using Cobalt 60 irradiator. At different times 1, 2, 4, 8 and 24hr after irradiation, mice were killed and brain tissues were collected. Apoptotic cells were scored by TUNEL assay. Expression of p53, Bcl-2, and Bax and cell cycle regulating molecules; cyclins B1, D1, E and cdk2, cdk4, p34^{cdc2} were analysed by Western blotting. Cell cycle was analysed by Flow cytometry.

Results : The peak of radiation induced apoptosis is shown at 8 hour after radiation. With a single 25 Gy irradiation, the peak of apoptotic index in C57B1/6J is 24.0 ± 0.25 ($p < 0.05$) at 8 hour after radiation. Radiation upregulated the expression of p53/tubulin, Bax/tubulin, and Bcl-2/tubulin with 1.3, 1.1 and 1.45 fold increase, respectively were shown at the peak level at 8 hour after radiation. The levels of cell cycle regulating molecules after radiation are not changed significantly except cyclin D1 with 1.3 fold increase. Fractions of G₀-G₁, G₂-M and S phase in the cell cycle does not specific changes by time.

Conclusions : In mouse brain tissue, radiation induced apoptosis is particularly shown in a specific area, subependyma. These results and lack of radiation induced changes in cell cycle offer better understanding of radiation response of normal brain tissue.

Key Words : Mouse brain(cerebrum) irradiation, Apoptosis, Cell cycle